

RAV2 Module

Software Manual



Version 2.9



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RAV2

Introduction

RAV2 is an audio network module for RAVENNA / AES67.

All functions are accessible through a browser based interface (hmtl5 / javascript). The size of the window and the zoom level can be varied. The page is organized in tabs, pulldown menus or hyperlinks offer access to the values of a parameter. Some values use an input field (e.g. IP address).

STATUS	ADVANCED	NMOS	LOGGING	ABOUT	STATIS	STIC	SWITCH	TOOL	3				
SYNC				<u>N</u>	ETWORK				DEV	ICE			
PTP		lock master:	PTP	•	Name:	PRODIGY-RAV-	0-200964		Terr	np CPU:	61 °C	Settings	
Ext		lample rate:	48 kHz	•	NIC 1				Terr	p switch:	46 °C	Lock device	
		TP state:	master			A0-BB-3E-20-09						Load prese	
		'TP jitter:	0.00 us		IP address:	192.168.72.82						Save prese	
		TP offset:	0.00 us		NIC 2								
		tTP state: udio engine:	ok		MAC address: IP address:	A0-BB-3E-20-09	+C5						
	<i>.</i>	aare orgine.	 FX state TX state 		IP address: Sync:	192.168.72.40							
			- 1X 848/8		GMID:	A0-BB-3E-FF-FI	5.20.00.04						
INPLIT STREA	us.					OUTPUT STRE	AMS						
INPUT STREA		10 ab	A 17						_		PRODUCY PAULO 1		
O 01 Feed		16 ch	17 .		8 ch	01 PROD	GY-RAV-IO-2009c4_				PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2	009c4_str	8 Ch
 01 Feed 02 Feed 		6 ch 🕨	18 .		8 ch	 01 PROD 02 PROD 	GY-RAV-10-200964_ GY-RAV-10-200964_	str 8 Ch		18	PRODIGY-RAV-10-2	009c4_str	8 Ch 8 Ch
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NOTE

Refers to module software: SW 01.19 / HW 0.36

Connecting Audio Network

To access the control page:

- connect the network with one port
- enter http://<IP Address> in the navigation bar of your browser (default IP @ PORT 1: 192.168.0.1 or DHCP @ PORT 2)

Two independent network interfaces (NICs) can be configured in the switch configuration.

NOTE

If NIC 1 and NIC 2 are connected to the same switch, they must be configured to different subnets - see "Network Settings" on page 10.

Status - Overview

• DEVICE

The tab 'STATUS' is divided into several sections:

- SYNC monitoring sync state, clock selection, links to I/O settings
- NETWORK display network info, link to network settings
 - monitoring device info, link to device settings, phones level control
- INPUT STREAMS monitoring and control input streams, link to input stream settings
- OUTPUT STREAMS monitoring and control output streams, link to output stream settings

Hyperlinks open a popup window to adjust related settings. Most settings are updated immediately without further notification. To exit a popup window click the button in the top right corner.

Mouse overs are used to display further information (e.g. connection speed of network link).

ΝΟΤΕ

The web user interface updates itself when changes are applied by other instances (other browsers, external control commands).







Status - Sync

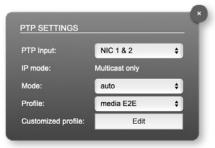
SYNC		
O PTP	Clock master:	PTP 🛟
Ext	Sample rate:	48 kHz 🛟
	PTP state:	master
	PTP jitter:	0.00 us
	PTP offset:	0.00 us
	RTP state: Audio engine:	ok RX state
		TX state
PTP, Ext	O(OFF)	= locked and in sync with clock master
Clock master	Pulldown m frame (PTP,	enu to select clock source of the main extern)
Sample rate		enu to adjust sample rate of the main / 48 / 88.2 / 96 / 176.4 / 192 kHz).
PTP state	State of PTF	P (Master / Slave).
PTP jitter	PTP-clock jit	ter per second
PTP offset	Offet relativ	e to PTP-clock master
RTP state	Status of pa	cket processing (OK, Error*)
Audio engine RX state	📀 (ON)	dule's audio engine- receiving = ok, receiving data = not all received packets can be processed
Audio engine TX state	(ON)	dule's audio engine- sending = ok, sending data = not all packets can be sent to the network

- * Error: packet time stamps are out of bounds.
 - Possible reasons: stream offset may be too small or transmitter or receiver are not synced properly to the Grandmaster.

Hyperlinks:

• PTP / PTP state (p 7)

PTP Settings



PTP Input	NIC selection for PTP clock input. 'NIC 1 & 2' means input redundancy.
IP Mode	PTP via multicast, unicast or in hybrid mode. *
Mode	PTP-clock master / slave configuration is auto negotiated between devices in the network. Module's master / slave state may change automatically.
Profile	PTP profile selection (default E2E, default P2P, media E2E, media P2P, customized)
Customized profile	Edit opens the tab 'ADVANCED' to adjust the custom profile.

See "Advanced- PTP Clock Setting" on page 39 for more details.



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Status - Network

NETWORK	
Name:	PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4
O NIC 1	
MAC address:	A0-BB-3E-20-09-C4
IP address:	192.168.72.82
NIC 2	
MAC address:	A0-BB-3E-20-09-C5
IP address:	192.168.72.40
Sync:	internal
GMID:	A0-BB-3E-FF-FE-20-09-C4

Name	Module's name in the network. Used e.g. for mDNS service. The name needs to be unique throughout the network.
NIC 1 / NIC 2	Monitoring state of network interface controller • (OFF) = not connected • (ON) = connected with the network
MAC address	Hardware identification of network interface controller.
IP address	IP address of device
Sync	Selected NIC for PTP sync
GMID	Grand Master ID (PTP)

Hyperlinks

• Name / IP address (p 10)

Mouse over:

- LED NIC 1- indicating link state and connection speed
- LED NIC 2- indicating link state and connection speed

NOTE

If NIC 1 and NIC 2 are connected to the same switch, they must be configured to different subnets - see "Network Settings" on page 10.



Network Settings

The two network interface controllers (NIC 1 / NIC 2) are configured individually.

NETWORK SETTINGS					
Device name: PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c					
NIC 1					
Dynamic IP address (IPv4):	•	Dynamic IP address (IPv4):	•		
Static IP address (IPv4):	•	Static IP address (IPv4):	•		
IP address (IPv4):	192.168.72.82	IP address (IPv4):	169.254.61.155		
Subnet mask (IPv4):	255.255.255.0	Subnet mask (IPv4):	255.255.0.0		
Gateway (IPv4):	192.168.72.1	Gateway (IPv4):	0.0.0.0		
DNS server (IPv4):	192.168.72.1	DNS server (IPv4):	0.0.0.0		
Accept multicast from other subnet:	yes (default) 🛟	Accept multicast from other subnet:	yes (default) 🗘		
Direct routing (multicast transfer only):		Direct routing (multicast transfer only):			
Host IP address 1:	177.56.44.12	Host IP address 1:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 2:	0.0.0.0	Host IP address 2:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 3:	0.0.0	Host IP address 3:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 4:	0.0.0.0	Host IP address 4:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 5:	0.0.0	Host IP address 5:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 6:	0.0.0	Host IP address 6:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 7:	0.0.0	Host IP address 7:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 8:	0.0.0.0	Host IP address 8:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 9:	0.0.0.0	Host IP address 9:	0.0.0.0		
Host IP address 10:	0.0.0	Host IP address 10:	0.0.0.0		
		Apply			

Device name	Input field - Module's name in the network. Used e.g. for mDNS service. The name needs to be unique throughout the network.
Dynamic IP address (IPv4)	Switch to enable the device's DHCP client. IP address is assigned by DHCP server. If no DHCP is available the IP address is determined via Zeroconf.
Static IP address (IPv4)	Switch to disable the device's DHCP client. Manual configuration of network parameters.
IP address (IPv4)	Module´s IP Address
Subnet mask (IPv4)	Module's subnet mask
Gateway (IPv4)	IP address of gateway
DNS server (IPv4)	IP address of DNS server
Accept multicast from other subnet	Setting of return path filter (rp filter) to accept or refuse multicast packets from different subnets. Values: yes (default), no
Apply	Button to confirm changes. Another popup window will appear to confirm a reboot of the module.
Direct routing	IP addresses of devices outside the subnet, to enable multicast traffic; e.g. Grandmaster or IGMP querier. Mark checkbox to activate.



Status - Device

DEVICE		
Temp CPU:	61 °C	Settings
Temp switch:	46 °C	Lock device
		Load preset
		Save preset

Temp CPU	Display temperature of CPU core in degree Celsius. It may reach 95 °C without effecting the performance of the device.
Temp switch	Display temperature of network switch in degree Celsius
Settings	Opens a popup window to configure the device.
Lock Device	Lock or unlock the device control. A password is required, it can be defined in the 'Settings'.
Load preset	Opens a dialog to store the device settings to a file. Filetype: .rps
Save preset	Opens a dialog to restore the device settings from a file. Filetype: .rps

Hyperlinks:

- Settings (p 12)
- Lock device (p 14)
- Load preset (p 13)
- Save preset

Settings

SETTINGS	
AoIP Module SW:	1.19
AoIP Module HW:	0.36
AoIP Module Update:	Update
AoIP Module Reboot:	Reboot
Language:	English 🗘
Manufacturer Settings:	Reset
Password set/change:	Password

AoIP Module SW	Module's software version. It is updated together with hardware version via network.
AoIP Module HW	Module's bitstream version. It is updated together with software version via network.
AoIP Module Update	Opens a dialog for selection of the update file - see "RAV2- Firmware Update" on page 51.
AoIP Module Reboot	Restart of the AoIP module. Confirmation required. Audio transmission will be interrupted.
Language	Menu language (english, german).
Manufacturer Settings Reset	Restore device settings to factory defaults. Confirmation required.
Password set/change *	Opens dialog to set or modify the device password.

* availability of the password lock feature may depend on the implementation



Password

PASSWORD CHA	NGE
Old password:	
New password:	
Confirm password:	
ок	Cancel

Requirements:

- password length: 8 to 30 characters
- password must not contain characters <#> and ,<space>.

If the password is lost, access can be regained by resetting the device to factory defaults, depending on the host implementation.

Lock Device



To prevent from unauthorized access, remote operation can be restricted to monitoring display only.

_

NOTE

Availability of password lock feature may depend on the individual host implementation.

LOAD	PRESET				
Stand	lard				
	Device				
	PTP clock				
	Network				
	Switch				
	NMOS				
	Input Streams				
	Output Streams				
	Audio Interface			Select all	
	Log			Deselect all	
		ок	Can	cel	

The device configuration can be stored to a single file (.rps).

Restoring the configuration a dialog prompts for selection of individual settings. This enhances flexibility at setup changes when a particular adjustment shall be preserved or just a single adjustment shall be restored.



Status - I	Input	Streams
------------	-------	---------

INPUT STREAMS		0 • •
01 Feed A	16 ch 🕨 🔘 17 -	8 ch
O 02 Feed B	6 ch 🕨 🔘 18 -	8 ch
03 Feed C	2 ch 🔲 🔘 19 -	8 ch
04 Feed D	24 ch 🕨 🔘 20 -	8 ch
05 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 21 -	8 ch
06 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 22 -	8 ch
O7 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 23 -	8 ch
08 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 24 -	8 ch
O9 -	8 ch 💿 25 -	8 ch
10 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 26 -	8 ch
11 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 27 -	8 ch
12 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 28 -	8 ch
13 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 29 -	8 ch
14 -	8 ch 🔲 🔘 30 -	8 ch
15 -	8 ch 🔘 31 -	8 ch

The module can subscribe up to 32 streams. The overview displays the basic information of each stream. The input stream name can be set manually (discovery protocol: manually, see page p 25) overriding the SDP's stream name information. Single channels can be picked from a stream (see "Audio Channel Selection" on page 22).

A backup stream can be defined as source after an adjustable timeout. A central active / inactive switch allows to toggle the stream state of all input streams at once.

01 to 32	State of incoming streams (OFF) = stream not activated (ON) = stream activated, receiving data (ON) = stream activated, receiving data via one NIC only (input redundancy) (blinking) = stream activated, not receiving data (unicast, connection not established)
01 to 32 Name	Name of stream gathered from SDP or set manually in the stream settings dialog.
01 to 32 xx ch	Number of audio channels transported by the stream

INPUT STREAMS		0 ■ ►
O1 Feed A	16 ch 🕨 🔘 17 -	8 ch
O 02 Feed B	6 ch 🕨 🔘 18 -	8 ch
O3 Feed C	2 ch 🔘 19 -	8 ch
O4 Feed D	24 ch 🕨 🔘 20 -	8 ch
01 to 32	Click to activate or deactiva	ite single stream.
	= stream activated	
	= stream deactivated	
	II = stream not active,	defined as backup-stream
INPUT STREAMS	Click to activate or deactive	ate all streams.
	= activate all streams	5
	= deactivate all strea	ms (requires confirmation)
INPUT STREAMS	Click 🕕 to display input str	reams overview

Input Streams Overview

INPUT	INPUT STREAMS OVERVIEW																											
		-		ę		\$	9		8	6	10	÷	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	Stream 1	ε	=	=	=	=	-	=	=	-	=	=	=	-	=	-	-											
	Stream 2		=		=														_	_	_		-					
	Stream 3	C																							-			
	Stream 4				=		=																				_	=
	Stream 5								₽																			

Two displays per stream:

- upper bar = original stream size and selected channels
- lower bar = resulting stream size and position in channel matrix
- green = stream active
- grey = stream not active

Channel selection of Stream 1

<u>CHANNI</u>	CHANNEL SELECTION INPUT STREAM														
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Select all Deselect all OK Close										se				
				÷											



Backup Streams

Activate Stream:		
Stream Input:	NIC 1 & 2	\$
Backup Stream:	3	+
Backup Stream Timeout:	1s	\$

Example:

Backup stream (input 3) that will act as source in the audio matrix if the current session (input 1) fails. Switch-over occurs after the defined timeout (1s). Stream 3 is marked accordingly in the status view

INPUT STREAMS		■ ►
01 TV-MIX stereo	2 ch 🔳 🔘 17 -	8 ch
O 2 TV MIX Surround	6 ch 🕨 🔘 18 -	8 ch
03 Radio-Mix	2 ch 🕨 🔘 19 -	8 ch
🖲 04 Multi-Track	32 ch 🕨 🔘 20 -	8 ch

Input 1 failed and Input 3 becomes active after the timeout.



ΝΟΤΕ

In case the main input fails the main stream is stopped (IGMP LEAVE) before the backup stream is being activated. This behaviour ensures that the required network bandwidth does not increase in case of a failure.



Hyperlinks:

• Name (p 20)

Mouse over:

• LED- indicating stream state

NOTE

Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) support for IGMP v3, v2 and v1 (SSM via protocol only in IGMP v3, SSM via internal filtering is applied for IGMP v2 and v1) - see "Source Specific Multicast" on page 25.



Input Stream Settings

01 - INPUT STREAM SETTINGS	
Activate Stream:	
Stream Input:	NIC 1 ÷
Backup Stream:	disabled \$
Backup Stream Timeout:	1s 🗘
Stream name:	16 channel
Stream state:	connected
Stream state messages:	
Stream state offset max (samples):	23
Stream state offset min (samples):	25
Stream state onset min (samples). Stream state ip address src NIC 1 / NIC 2:	239.69.1.10 / -
Stream state connection lost (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:	0/0
Stream state packet lost (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:	0/0
Stream state wrong timestamp (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:	0/0
Stream state syntonous sync:	NIC1
Syntonous mode enable:	
Offset fine:	
Offset in samples:	128 (2.666 ms) 🛟
Start channel:	1 +
Audio Channel Selection:	select
Discovery protocol:	RTSP (RAVENNA Session)
Session NIC 1:	16 channel@NIC 1 💠
Session NIC 2:	•

Up to 32 input streams can be subscribed. Each stream is organized in a 'RAVENNA session' (SDP = Session Description Protocol) that describes the stream parameters (audio channels, audio format, etc.).

The stream settings allow to adjust the processing of the received audio data (offset, signal routing) and to pick single audio channels from a stream. The receiving of stream data starts once the stream has been enabled.

The settings displayed vary depending on the selected discovery protocol.



A sample offset of at least doubled packet time (samples per frame) is recommended. Example: Samples per frame = 16 (0.333 ms) \Rightarrow Offset \ge 32 (0.667 ms)

It may be helpful to alter the stream discovery protocol if an expected stream can't be discovered by the device.

Stores parameters and activates or deactivates the receiving of audio data. (Unicast: additionally the negotiation of the connection)
Selects one or both NICs used for stream input. Both NICs means input redundancy.
Selects a backup stream that will act as source in the audio matrix if the current session fails. Switch-over occurs after the defined timeout.
Defines timeout [1 s to 120 s] before switch-over to backup stream.
Name of stream gathered from SDP
Information about stream state: connected not connected receiving data read successfull error
Status info related to stream state.
Measured value (maximum). A high value indicates that the media offset of the source might not match the adjusted media offset of the device.
Measured value (minimum). The offset should not become negative.
Multicast address of input stream subscribed at NIC 1 / NIC 2. Unicast transmission: IP address of sender.
counter indicates the number of incidents where the network connection was lost (link down)
counter indicates the number of lost RTP packets
counter indicates the number of packets with invalid timestamp
Displays that the NIC has synchronized to the stream.
Enables syntonous streaming, synchronisation of senders and receivers must be granted by other means than PTP.



Offset fine	Enables adjustment of offset in increments of one sample.
Offset in samples	Modules output delay of received audio data (input buffer).
Start channel	Assignment of first stream channel in the audio matrix. E.g. stream with two channels, starting at channel 3 is available at channel 3 & 4 of the routing matrix.
Audio Channel Selection	Single channels can be picked from a stream, if a stream transports more audio channels than needed or contains 'empty' audio channels.
Discovery protocol	Connection protocol or manual configuration. RTSP = Real Time Streaming Protocol NMOS = Networked Media Open Specifications SAP = Session Announcement Protocol
Session NIC 1	Selection of discovered streams at NIC 1
Session NIC 2	Selection of discovered streams at NIC 2

Audio Channel Selection



green = channel is received and used grey = channel is ignored

'Start channel' and 'Audio Channel Selection' define the channel mapping in the routing matrix. The channel mapping is display in the "Input Streams Overview" on page 17.

RAV2

Stream Discovery in AoIP environments is a colorful mixture of different mechanisms. To serve a successful stream management RAV2 provides a bunch of options, not making operation easier but effective.

Discovery protocol: Session NIC 1:	RTSP (RAVENNA Session) ✓ NMOS SAP (Dante/AES67 Session)
Session NIC 2:	RTSP (RAVENNA URL) Manual configuration Refresh

Discovery RTSP (Session)

Discovery protocol:	RTSP (RAVENNA Session)
Session NIC 1:	•
Session NIC 2:	

Discovery RTSP (URL)

Discovery protocol:	RTSP (RAVENNA URL) +	
URL NIC 1:		
URL NIC 2:	rtsp://PRODIGY-RAV-IO-20079e.local:80/by-r	Receive SDP

URL	URL (Uniform Ressource Locator) of the session of the device that is serving streams. Examples: rtsp://192.168.74.44/by-id/1
	or rtsp://PRODIGY-RAV-IO.local:80/by-name/Stage_A
Receive SDP	Recalls the stream configuration of the defined session(s).

NOTE

In case the automatic stream announcement and discovery of RAVENNA streams fails or cannot be used in a given network, the stream's SDP file can also be obtained via an RTSP URL.



Discovery SAP

Discovery protocol:	SAP (Dante/AES67 Session)	
Session NIC 1:		
Session NIC 2:	Stage A@NIC 2 🛟	

SAP is used in Dante environments.

Discovery NMOS

Discovery protocol:	NMOS	\$	
Session NIC 1:	•		
Session NIC 2:	[20079e 2] Ambience@NIC 2	÷	Refresh

Session	[MAC Address of sender] stream name @NIC
Refresh	Initiates a scan for available streams.

NMOS is suited for use in SMPTE ST 2110 environments.

Manual Configuration

Discovery protocol:		Manual configuration	÷	Import SDP file	Import SDP
Stream name (manual):		Feed A			
Number of channels:		16	+		
RTP payload ID:		98			
Audio format:		L24	•		
Media offset:		0			
NIC 1			NIC 2		
Dst IP address:	239.69.1.10		Dst IP address	a: 239.2.0.5	
SSM (Source Specific Multicast):			SSM (Source	Specific Multicast):	
Src IP address:	192.168.72.4		Src IP address	3: 0.0.0.0	
RTP dst port:	5004		RTP dst port:	5004	
RTCP dst port:	5005		RTCP dst port	5005	

Stream name (manual)	Stream name for display in status view and matrix. Can be specified individually, different than the name gathered from the SDP.
Number of channels	Number of audio channels in the stream
RTP-Payload-ID	RTP-Payload-ID of the audio stream (Real-Time Transport Protocol). Describes the format of the transported content.
Audio Format	Stream's audio format (L16 / L24 / L32 / AM824)
Media Offset	Offset between stream's timestamp and PTP-clock
Dst IP address	Multicast IP address of audio stream
SSM	Activate Source Specific Multicast filter for this stream.*
Src IP address	IP address of sending device.*
RTP dst port	Stream's destination port for RTP
RTCP dst port	Stream's destination port for RTCP (Real-Time Control Protocol)

* An RTP packet contains the IP address of the sender (source IP) and the stream's multicast address (destination IP). With SSM activated the receiver only accepts RTP packets of a certain destination IP that are originated by a sender with the specified source IP.

NOTE



RAV2

RTP Payload ID must match between sender and receiver.



Session Description Protocol

Stream discovery set to 'Manual configuration' requires to define the stream parameters manually or to import an SDP data via .sdp-file or prompt.

Import SDP File	Imports SDP data from .sdp file
Import SDP	Imports SDP data from a prompt

```
Example of SDP data:
v=0
o=-1 3144252155 IN IP4 192.168.72.82
s=Studio A
t=0 0
m=audio 5004 RTP/AVP 98
i=Stream 1
c=IN IP4 239.69.1.1/128
a=source-filter: incl IN IP4 239.69.1.1 192.168.72.82
a=rtpmap:98 L24/48000/8
a=sync-time:0
a=clock-domain:PTPv2 0
a=framecount:48
a=recvonly
a=mediaclk:direct=0
a=ts-refclk:ptp=IEEE1588-2008:A0-BB-3E-FF-FE-20-09-C4:0
a=ptime:1
a=maxptime:1
```



TIP

The SDP data of an output stream can be copied from the output stream settings.

This page is left blank intentionally.



OUTPUT STREAMS			0 ■ ►
O1 Studio A	8 Ch 🕨	17 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
O2 Studio B	8 Ch 🕨	18 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
O 03 Studio C	8 Ch 🕨	19 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
04 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	20 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
05 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	21 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
06 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	22 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
07 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	23 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
08 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	24 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
09 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	25 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
10 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	② 26 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
11 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	27 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
12 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	28 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
13 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	29 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
14 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	30 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch
15 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch	31 PRODIGY-RAV-IO-2009c4_str	8 Ch

The device can send up to 32 streams. The overview displays the basic information of each stream.

01 to 32	 State of outgoing streams (OFF) = stream not activated (ON) = stream activated, sending data (ON) = stream activated, stream output via both NICs selected, but one NIC is not linked to the network.
01 to 32 Name	Name of stream defined in the settings
01 to 32 xx ch	Number of audio channels transported by the stream
01 to 32	Activate or deactivate stream. ▶ = stream activated ■ = stream deactivated
OUTPUT STREAMS	Click to activate or deactivate all streams. ► = activate all streams = deactivate all streams (requires confirmation)
OUTPUT STREAMS	Click ① to display output streams overview

Hyperlinks:

• Name (p 30)

Mouse over:

• LED- indicating stream state

Output Streams Overview

OUTP	UT STREAMS O	/ER\	/IEV	v																							
		÷		3	3	9		8	6	10	ŧ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	Stream 1	-		-			_	-																			
	Stream 2									-	-	-		-	=	>											
	Stream 3																	=	_	=	-	=		-			
	Stream 4																									=	=
	Stream 5																										

Bars informing about stream size and position in channel matrix.

- green = stream active
- grey = stream not active

TIP

AES67 Streams

To create output streams for interoperability in AES67 environments please consult the information document <u>Info- AES67 Streams</u>.

TIP

SMPTE 2110-30 /-31 Streams To create output streams for interoperability in SMPTE ST 2110 environments please consult the information document <u>Info- ST2110-30 Streams</u>.

Both documents are available at <u>http://academy.directout.eu</u>.



Output Stream Settings

02 - OUTPUT STREAM SETTINGS	
Activate Stream: Stream Output:	NIC 2 ¢
Stream name (ASCII): RTSP URL (HTTP tunnel) (by-name): RTSP URL (HTTP tunnel) (by-id): RTSP URL (by-name): RTSP URL (by-id):	Ambience rtsp://PRODIGY-RAV-IO-20079e.local:80/by-name/Ambience rtsp://PRODIGY-RAV-IO-20079e.local:80/by-id/2 rtsp://PRODIGY-RAV-IO-20079e.local/by-name/Ambience rtsp://PRODIGY-RAV-IO-20079e.local/by-id/2
SDP:	v=0 o=- 2 2482002937 IN IP4 192.168.74.44 s=Ambience t=0 0 m=audio 5004 RTP/AVP 98
Unicast:	
RTP payload ID:	98
Samples per Frame (packet time):	45 (0.94 ms) 🗘
Audio format:	AM824 \$
Start channel:	9 🔶
Number of channels:	8 🗘
NIC 1	NIC 2
RTP dst port: 5004	RTP dst port: 5004
RTCP dst port: 5005	RTCP dst port: 5005
Dst IP address (IPv4): 239.69.1.3	Dst IP address (IPv4): 239.69.1.4

Up to 32 output streams can be sent to the network. Each stream is organized in a session (SDP = Session Description Protocol) that describes the stream parameters (audio channels, audio format, etc.).

Each stream may be labelled with an individual stream name (ASCII) which is useful for enhanced comfort at organizing the setup.

The stream settings allow to adjust the processing of the sent audio data (blocks per frame, format, signal routing, ...). The sending of stream data starts once the stream has been enabled.

Once the stream is active, the SDP data is displayed and may be copied from the window or downloaded via http://<rav-io>/sdp.html?ID=<stream no.>.

Activate stream	Stores parameters and activates or deactivates the receiving of audio data. (Unicast: additionally the negotiation of the connection)
Stream Output	Selects one or both NICs used for stream output. Both NICs means output redundancy.
Stream name (ASCII)	Individually defined name of an output stream. It is used in the URL which is indicated in different ways below.*
RTSP URL (HTTP tunnel) (by-name) / (by id)	Current used RTSP-URL of stream with HTTP port used for RTSP, stream name or stream id.
RTSP URL (by-name) / (by id)	Current used RTSP-URL of stream with stream name or stream id.
SDP	SDP data of the active stream.
Unicast	If activated, the stream is sent in unicast mode.**
RTP payload ID	Stream's payload id
Samples per Frame	Number of blocks containing payload (audio) per ethernet frame - see packet time on p 20.
Audio format	Stream's audio format (L16 / L24 / L32 / AM824) ***
Start channel	Assignment of first stream channel from the audio matrix. E.g. stream with eight channels, starting at channel 3 is fed from channel 3 to 10 of the routing matrix.
Number of channels	Number of audio channels in the stream.
RTP dst port	Stream's destination port for RTP
RTCP dst port	Stream's destination port for RTCP (Real-Time Control Protocol)
Dst IP address (IPv4)	Stream's IP address for multicast (should be unique for each stream).

* Only ASCII characters are allowed.

- ** A unicast stream can only be received by one device. If a device is already receiving the stream, further connection calls by other clients are answered with ,service unavailable' (503). The release time after disconnect or interruption of the client's connection amounts to about 2 minutes.
- *** L16 = 16 bit audio / L24 = 24 bit audio / L32 = 32 bit audio / AM824 = standardized according to IEC 61883, allows AES3 transparent transmission (SMPTE ST 2110-31).



Advanced - Overview

TATUS ADVANCED	NMOS LOGGI!	NG ABOUT	STATISTIC SWITCH		
PTP SETTINGS		PTP UNICAST		PTP CLOCK SETTINGS	
PTP Input:	NIC 2 \$	Auto Detect GM:	on \$	No PTP switch 1 Gbit/s:	0
	Multicast \$	Grant duration (sec):	30	No PTP switch 100 Mbib's:	0
Mode:	auto 😫	Grandmaster IP:	0.0.0.0		
Profile:	modia E2E 🛟			NETWORK ADVANCED SETTIN	GS
		CURRENT PTP MASTER	248	IGMP NIC 1:	auto
PTP CURRENT SETTINGS		Accuracy:	254	IGMP NIC 2:	auto
Clock class:		Clock domain:	1	TCP port HTTP:	80
Accuracy:	254	Priority 1:	54	TCP port RTSP:	564
Clock domain NIC 1:	0	Priority 2:	64	TTL RTP packets:	128
Clock domain NIC 2:	1	GMID:	A0-BB-3E-FF-FE-20-0B-86	DSCP RTP packets:	AF41 (0x22)
Priority 1:		Sync:	NIC 2	DSCP PTP packets:	CS6 (0x30)
Priority 2:		IPv4:	192.168.74.58	Multi stream rx:	yos
Announce:	2 s (1)			MDNS announcement:	RX/TX S
Sync:	125 ms (-3)	PTP STATISTIC		SAP announcement:	
Min delay request:	1 s (0)	PTP state:	slave		
Min pdelay request:	1 s (0)	PTP jitter:		Multicast audio loopback:	no d
Announce receipt timeout:		PTP offset:	-0.08 us	Multicast RTCP:	yos d
One step clock:		PTP master to slave:	0s 4148ns	Network settings:	Apply
Slave only:		PTP slave to master:	0s 4240ns		
Delay mechanism:		Current PTP time (TAI):			
		Current PTP time (TAI) (RAW):	1839s 254134455ns		
PTP JITTER					
5057 ma -		Jum Hild Jum Province 3 min		mantered on adjoint on mark	formand advantations 0 min

The tab 'ADVANCED' is divided into several sections:

- PTP SETTINGS definition of PTP source, mode and profile
- PTP PROFILE
 CURRENT
 SETTINGS
- CURRENT PTP
- MASTER
- PTP STATISTIC

PTP JITTER

- monitoring device's PTP state, jitter and delay

- definition of a customized PTP profile

- monitoring PTP characteristics

- PTP CLOCK SETTINGS definition of adaption algorithms to reduce jitter
- NETWORK ADVANCED
 SETTINGS definition
 - definition of network and QoS characteristics
 - graphical display of measured PTP jitter

Advanced - PTP Settings

PTP SETTINGS		
PTP Input:	NIC 2	¢
IP mode:	Multicast	¢
Mode:	auto	ŧ
Profile:	media E2E	¢

PTP Input		Selects one or both network ports used for PTP input. Both ports means input redundancy. *						
IP Mode	Multicast =	 Sync messages and delay request are sent as multicast message to every node within the network. 						
	Hybrid =	 Sync messages are sent as multicast, delay requests are sent as unicast messages directly to the Grandmaster or Boundary Clock.** 						
	Unicast =	 Sync messages are sent as unicast, delay requests are sent as unicast messages directly to the Grandmaster or Boundary Clock.*** 						

- * Using redundant PTP-operation a switch-over is triggered not only at signal loss of the Grandmaster but depends on the quality of the PTP clock. Changes (e.g. clock class) are observed permanently and the algorithm decides for the best signal present.
- ** Hybrid Mode reduces the workload for all nodes in the network as they do not receive the (unnecessary) delay requests from other devices anymore.
- *** Unicast Mode may help when multicast routing is not possible within the network. As an opposite to the Hybrid Mode it increases the workload of the grandmaster since sync messages must be sent to each single slave individually.



PTP SETTINGS		
PTP Input:	NIC 2	\$
IP mode:	Multicast	ŧ
Mode:	auto	¢
Profile:	media E2E	\$

Mode	auto	 PTP-clock master / slave configuration is auto negotiated between devices in the network. Module's master / slave state may change automatically.
	slave only	 PTP-clock slave configuration is preferred. Module clocks to another device in the network
	preferred master master only	 PTP-clock master configuration is preferred. Module acts as network grandmaster. Priority values are adjusted automatically to ensure Grandmaster status. * PTP-clock master is forced. **
Profile	•	d PTP profile (default E2E, default P2P, a P2P) or activates customized PTP profile.

- * If more than one device announces as PTP-clock master the network Grandmaster is determined following the Best Master Clock Algorithm (BMCA).
- ** 'Master only' configures the device to act as Unicast Grandmaster. This setting is available only with PTP Mode set to 'unicast'



NOTE

PTP profile ,customized' allows for individual adjustment of the PTP parameters. If profile is set to ,media' or ,default' the PTP parameters cannot be altered and are displayed only. Factory default setting is PTP Media Profile E2E.

Advanced - PTP Unicast

PTP UNICAST		
Auto Detect GM:	on	
Grant duration (sec):	30	
Grandmaster IP:	0.0.0	

Auto Detect GM	 on = enables the automatic detection of the grandmaster * off = IP address of grandmaster needs to be defined manually
Grant duration (sec)	Time period during which the slave receives sync messages from the grandmaster.**
Grandmaster IP	IP address of the grandmaster. ***

- * 'Auto Detect GM' is a proprietary function and might not be supported by 3rd party GMs.
- ** Depending on the temporary workload of the grandmaster the negotiation may fail.
- *** This value is used only with 'Auto Detect GM' set to <off>.

About PTP Unicast

Since the BMCA is not available with PTP unicast, the PTP properties of the devices require some extra configuration.

Example:

Grandmaster	IP Mode Unicast, Mode Master only
Slave(s)	IP Mode Unicast, Mode Slave Only,
	Auto Detect GM ON, Grant Duration 30 sec



PTP CURRENT SETTINGS	
Clock class:	248
Accuracy:	254
Clock domain NIC 1:	0
Clock domain NIC 2:	1
Priority 1:	128
Priority 2:	128
Announce:	2 s (1)
Sync:	125 ms (-3)
Min delay request:	1 s (0)
Min pdelay request:	1 s (0)
Announce receipt timeout:	
One step clock:	no
Slave only:	no
Delay mechanism:	E2E

Advanced - PTP Profile Customized Settings

The settings become available with PTP profile set to 'customized'.

	•
Clock class	PTP-clock's class according to IEEE 1588 [read only]
Accuracy	PTP-clock's accuracy according to IEEE 1588 [read only]
Clock domain NIC 1	PTP-clock's domain at NIC 1
Clock domain NIC 2	PTP-clock's domain at NIC 2
Priority 1	Priority setting for master announcement (the smaller the value the higher the priority)
Priority 2	If value 'Priority1' (and other PTP-clock parameters) of more than one device in the network match: Priority setting for master announcement (the smaller the value the higher the priority)
Announce	Intervall of sending announce-packets for auto- negotiation.
Sync	Intervall of sending sync-packets to the PTP-clock slaves in the network.
Min delay request	Intervall of sending End-To-End packets of PTP-clock slave to PTP-clock master. To determine the offset slave-to-master.
Min pdelay request	Intervall of sending Peer-To-Peer packets between two PTP-clocks. To determine the offset master-to- slave and slave-to-master.
Announce receipt timeout	Number of missed announce-packets (threshold) to reinitialize the negotiation of PTP-clock master.

One step clock	Timestamp of PTP-clock is integrated in PTP-sync- packets. No follow-up packets are sent. No = Two step clock is used
Slave only	Yes = PTP-clock is always slave.
Delay mechanism	E2E - Offset slave-to-master is determined by End-To- End packets.P2P - Offset master-to-slave and slave-to-master is determined by Peer-To-Peer packets.

Advanced - Current PTP Master

CURRENT PTP MASTE	R
Clock class:	248
Accuracy:	254
Clock domain:	
Priority 1:	64
Priority 2:	64
GMID:	A0-BB-3E-FF-FE-20-0B-86
Sync:	NIC 2
IPv4:	192.168.74.58

Monitoring display only.

Clock class	PTP-clock's class according to IEEE 1588	
Accuracy	PTP-clock's accuracy according to IEEE 1588	
Clock domain	PTP-clock's domain at selected NIC	
Priority 1	Priority setting for master announcement (the smaller the value the higher the priority)	
Priority 2	If value 'Priority1' (and other PTP-clock parameters) of more than one device in the network match: Priority setting for master announcement (the smaller the value the higher the priority)	
GMID	ID of current Grandmaster	
Sync	Selected NIC for PTP clock	
IPv4	IP address of Grandmaster	



Advanced - PTP Statistic

PTP STATISTIC	
PTP state:	slave
PTP jitter:	0.46 us
PTP offset:	-0.08 us
PTP master to slave:	0s 4148ns
PTP slave to master:	0s 4240ns
Current PTP time (TAI):	1970-01-01 00:30:39
Current PTP time (TAI) (RAW):	1839s 254134455ns

Monitoring display only.

PTP state	Information about current PTP-clock state: intialize error deactivated receiving data pre master master passive not calibrated slave
PTP jitter	PTP-clock jitter in microseconds (µs)
PTP offset	Offset relative to PTP-clock master
PTP master to slave	Absolute offset master-to-slave in nanoseconds
PTP slave to master	Absolute offset slave-to-master in nanoseconds
Current PTP time (TAI):	Date and time information from GPS source*
Current PTP time (TAI) (RAW):	RAW TAI from GPS source*

* Temps Atomique International- if no GPS source is available for PTP timestamping,the date / time display starts at 1970-01-01 / 00:00:00 after every reboot of the device.

Advanced - PTP Clock Setting



No PTP Switch	Adapted PTP-clock algorithm to reduce clock jitter using
1 Gbit/s	1 GB network switches without PTP support.
	Max. number of 1 Gbit/s switches: less than 10
No PTP Switch	Adapted PTP-clock algorithm to reduce clock jitter using
100 Mbit/s	100 MB network switches without PTP support.
	Max. number of 100 Mbit/s switches: 1



NETWORK ADVANCED SETTINGS			
IGMP NIC 1:	auto	÷	
IGMP NIC 2:	auto	÷]	
TCP port HTTP:	80		
TCP port RTSP:	554		
TTL RTP packets:	128		
DSCP RTP packets:	AF41 (0x22)	¢	
DSCP PTP packets:	CS6 (0x30)		
Multi stream rx:	yes	÷	
MDNS announcement:	RX/TX	\$	
SAP announcement:	RX/TX	÷	
Multicast audio loopback:	no	\$	
Multicast RTCP:	yes	÷	
Network settings:	Apply		

IGMP NIC 1	Definition or auto-select of IGMP version used to connect to a multicast router at NIC 1.	
IGMP NIC 2	Definition or auto-select of IGMP version used to connect to a multicast router at NIC 2	
TCP port HTTP	TCP port for HTTP	
TCP port RTSP	TCP port for RTSP	
TTL RTP packets	Time-To-Live of RTP packets - default: 128	
DSCP RTP packets	DSCP marking of QoS of RTP packets - default: AF41	
DSCP PTP packets	DSCP marking for QoS of PTP packets - default: CS6*	
Multi stream rx	If activated, the device allows to subscribe to the same multicast stream more than one time - default: off	
MDNS announcement	Announcement of streams via MDNS can be controlled to optimize network traffic or CPU load. Values: Off, RX, TX or RX/TX **	
SAP announcement	Announcement of streams via SAP can be controlled to optimize network traffic or CPU load. Values: Off, RX , TX or RX/TX **	
Multicast audio loopback	If activated, output streams (TX) can be subscribed (RX) by the device itself. Values: Yes, No	
Multicast RTCP	Allows to disable RTCP for multicast streams. Values: Yes, No ***	

Advanced - Network Advanced Settings

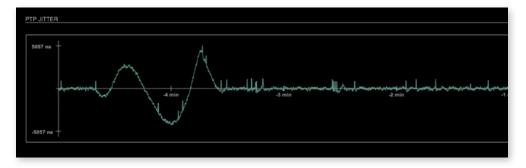
Network settings	*****Confirms and saves changes being made.
Apply	Reboot required.

- * AES67 specifies EF, but some implementations use EF for Audio streaming. To avoid overlapping of RTP and PTP packets in the same queue CS6 has been chosen as default.
- ** RX = receive, TX = transmit, RX/TX = receive and transmit
- *** RTCP is always active for unicast streams.

NOTE

Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) support for IGMP v3, v2 and v1 (SSM via protocol only in IGMP v3, SSM via internal filtering is applied for IGMP v2 and v1) - see "Source Specific Multicast" on page 25.

Advanced - PTP Jitter



Graphical display of measured PTP jitter.

NOTE

An error message next to Jitter measurement is displayed if delay requests are not being answered by Grandmaster.







NMOS - Overview



NMOS provides a family of specifications related to networked media for professional applications. It is produced by the Advanced Media Workflow Association (AMWA).

Support for NMOS is introduced with the AoIP Module version SW 0.17 / HW 0.46 according to the specifications:

- IS-04 Discovery & Registration (v1.3)
- IS-05 Device Connection Management (v1.1)

IS-04 allows control and monitoring applications to find the resources on a network. Resources include Nodes, Devices, Senders, Receivers, Sources, Flows...

IS-05 provides a transport-independent way of connecting Media Nodes.

More information: https://specs.amwa.tv/nmos/

NMOS port - NIC1 & NIC2

The port entries for NIC1 and NIC2 are pre-configured by default. Modifications are possible but not necessary.

NIC1		NIC2	
NMOS port:	3210	NMOS port:	3212
	Davit adduc	- Dahaat required a	fter medifiention
NMOS port	Port addres	ss. Reboot required a	fter modification.

NMOS registry - Search mode



Multicast	use mDNS to determine and connect to the registry server
Unicast DHCP	discovery on the DNS server (DNS-SD) using the domain given by DHCP
Unicast	discovery on the DNS server (DNS-SD) using a custom domain name
Registry domain name	custom domain name of the registry server
Manually	manual configuration of registry server
Registry IP address	IP address provided by network administrator
Registry port	Port provided by network administrator
Version*	Support of NMOS API version Values: v1.0, v1.1, v1.2, v1.3

* registry versions are not backwards compatible.

NOTE



DNS-SD uses the first returned entry and does not take priorities into considerations.



NMOS - Internal

INTERNAL NMOS OOB connected:	
NMOS OOB connected	LED displaying the conection status with the OOB host. (OFF) = not connected (ON) = connected

OOB stands for out-of-band, the control happening out of the media streaming network interfaces NIC 1 and NIC 2 of a RAV2 module.

NMOS OOB allows control of RAV2 modules hosted by a PRODIGY via the management port (MGMT) of the device.



ТІР

More info about the use of NMOS OOB is available in the document: info_nmos_oob.pdf

NMOS - Additional Settings

ADDITIONAL SETTINGS	
Disable stream during config:	
Seed id:	d6368ef8-5b74-4508-ad07-652dac4f7796
Generate new seed id:	Generate

Disable stream during config	Automatically disable and re-enable streams when settings are changed via NMOS (recommended)
Seed id	Unique identifier, subordered entities are derived from the seed id.
Generate new seed id Generate	Generates a new unique identifier. Reboot required.

NMOS uses a logical data model based on the JT-NM Reference Architecture to add identity, relationships and time-based information to content and broadcast equipment. Hierarchical relationships group related entities, with each entity having its own identifier.

The identifiers are persistent across restarts of the device in order to make them useful over a period of time longer than a single production deployment.

New identifiers may be generated manually if required.



Logging

	ADVANCED	NMOS	LOGGING	ABOUT			SWITCH	TOOLS			
LOG MESSAGE					STATIS						
LOG MESSAGE											
	S										
Initialize PTP suc											
Initialize RTCP su											
Initialize DNS su											
Post-initialize DN											
Initialize MDNS s											
Post-initialize TC											
Initialize FLASH											
Initialize RS232 s											
Initialize SIP such											
Initialize SAP suc											
Initialize ARP su											
Initialize NMOS s	success.										
Initialize BASE si	UCC855.										
Add TCP succes											
Add RTCP succe	165.										
Add DNS succes											
Add MDNS succe	855.										
Add RS232 suco	:055.										
Add FLASH succ	2655.										
Add PTP success											
Add SIP success											
Add NMOS succ	055.										
Add BASE succe	965,										
Add SAP succes											
Add TUN TAB.											
Start AOIP Softw	vare										
										Save log Clear log Scroll	lock
										the of the second	
LOG SETTINGS											
BASE:			MONS: N	one 0	R\$2	32:	None	•	TCP:	None 0	
DNS:	None			one 0			None	0			
FLASH:	None		PTP: N	¢ enc	SAP		None	•	Log level:	Level 0 \$	

The tab 'LOGGING' displays logging depending on the 'Log Settings'. The logging can be enabled individually for different protocols, each of with an adjustable filter. An adjustable log level specifies the information detail of each entry.

To save a log the content of the view can be copied and pasted to a text document.

Log Level

0	log data				
1	level and log data				
2	rotocol, level and log data				
3	protocol, process-id of requesting process, process-id of running process, level and log data				
4	protocol, process-id of requesting process, process-id of running process, level, processor time in ticks and log data				
5	protocol, process-id of requesting process, process-id of running process, level, processor time in ticks, file name and line and log data				

Protocol Types

ARP	Address Resolution Protocol				
BASE	Basic operation of module				
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol				
DNS	Domain Name System				
FLASH	Process for updating the module				
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol				
MDNS	Multicast Domain Name System				
NMOS	Network Media Open Specification				
PTP	Precision Time Protocol				
RS232	Serial Protocol				
RTCP	Real Time Control Protocol				
SAP	Session Announcement Protocol				
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol				
Zeroconf	Zero Configuration Protocol				

Log Filter

NONE	logging disabled				
ERROR	error occurred				
WARNING	warnings- condition that may lead to unwanted behavior or an error				
INFO 1	log info* + warning + error				
INFO 2	log info* + warning + error				
INFO 3	log info* + warning + error				
INFO 4	log info* + warning + error				

 * increasing amount of log info starting from ,INFO 1'

Log Operation

Save log	Downloads the current log entries to a text-file (log.txt).
Clear log	Deletes all log entries without further prompt.
Scroll lock	Interrupts automatic scrolling of the list view to allow copying the content to a text file via copy & paste. If scrolling is stopped for a longer period of time the display may not list all entries.



Statistic

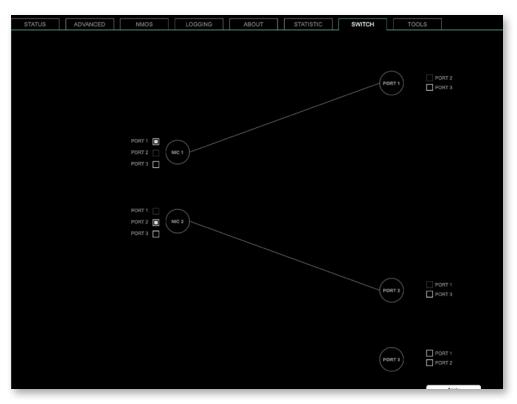
STATUS ADVANCED	NMOS	LOGGING ABOUT	STATISTIC	SWITCH TOOLS	
CPU		DROP PACKETS		NETWORK TRAFFIC	
CPU:	20%	PHY (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:	0/0		
Base:	0%	CPU (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:			
Base Connection:	0%	RTP RX (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:			
DNS:	0%	RTP TX (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:			
FLASH:	0%				
MDNS:	0%	RECEIVED AUDIO PACKETS			
NMOS:	12%			31.37 Mbit/s	40.01 Mbit/s
PTP:	1%	Statistic packet fifo full (Events):		(3.73 MByte/s)	(4.77 MByte/s)
R\$232:	5%	Statistic offset fifo full (Events):			
RTCP:	0%	Statistic filo full (Events):		NIC 1 RX	NIC 1 TX
SAP:	0%	Connection lost (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:	010		
SYSTEM:	0%	Packet lost (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:			
TCP;	1%	Wrong timestamp (Events) NIC 1 / NIC 2:	0/0		
RAM		Show details:	Details		
Used:	32%	Reset packet statistic:	Reset	- bit/s (- Bytake)	- bit/s (- Byta/s)
		PTP STATISTIC		NIC 2 RX	
			539 / 9694	NIG 2 HX	NIC 2 TX
		Protocol engine:			
		discarded / unknown / ignored:			
		Unicast signaling:			
		Show details:	Details	31.37 Mbit/s (3.73 MByte/s)	40.01 Mbit/s (4.77 MByte/s)
		Reset PTP statistic:	Reset	NIC 1+2 RX	NIC 1+2 TX

The tab 'STATISTIC' displays an overview of the CPU load of the particular processes, an error counter and a monitor display to indicate the incoming (RX) and outgoing (TX) network traffic on both network ports individually.

Details	Displays a list of input streams and related events (connection lost, packet lost, wrong timestamp) of received audio packets.
Reset	Resets the packet statistic

See "Protocol Types" on page 47.

Switch



Two independent network interfaces (NICs) can be configured in the switch configuration.

Factory default: Port 1 = NIC 1 (192.168.0.1), Port 2 = NIC 2 (DHCP)

NOTE

If you want to use a port that is not assigned to a NIC e.g. to patch the device's management port (MGMT) into the audio network, you can link it to one of the audio ports.

NOTE

To access the module's control page it is required to connect the management network to one of the ports that is directly attached to a NIC - see next page.

To give the very best PTP synchronisation performance, the switch incorporates advanced timestamping between the external PORTS and the internal NICs. As a consequence, the on-board switch cannot be used to connect other PTP devices via a single shared connection to the wider network.

Please connect all other PTP devices directly to your system's network switch.



Tools

STATUS ADVANCED	NMOS	LOGGING	ABOUT	STATISTIC	SWITCH	TOOLS	
PING							
IP address (IPv4): Interface: NIC 1 Output	NIC 2						
Send ping:			Start				

The tab 'TOOLS' offers a generator to ping any IP address (IPv4) from either NIC 1 or NIC 2. The result is displayed at the 'Output'.

IP address (IPv4)	Enter IP address (IPv4) to be pinged
Interface	Select NIC 1 or NIC 2
Start	Sends ping to the specified IP address from selected NIC.

RAV2 - Firmware Update

The RAV2 module is updated via network.

Open the control page of the module and navigate to the tab STATUS and click SETTINGS in the top right corner (p 12).

1.19
0.36
Update
Reboot
English 🛟
Reset
Password

Click 'Update' and browse to the update file after unzipping first. Example: rav_io_hw_0_36_sw_1_19.update

Follow the instructions displayed and reboot the device after the firmware update.

WARNING!





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